Gallstones

Gallstones are small, hard lumps or stones that form in the gallbladder. Most gallstones do not cause symptoms, but if a gallbladder becomes inflamed or a bile duct becomes blocked, the gallbladder may become infected, which can cause severe pain and inflammation that may require surgery.

Gallstones are mainly made of cholesterol. Other forms include bile pigments, calcium, and fats. They can develop in the gallbladder over time due to different factors, such as:

- Cholesterol gallstones
- Pigment gallstones
- Mixed gallstones

Gallstones are typically asymptomatic until they become large enough to cause symptoms. They can block the flow of bile, causing pain and inflammation.

Gallstones are usually treated with medication or surgery. Surgery may be necessary if the gallbladder is inflamed or the stones are causing severe pain.

Gallbladder cancer

Gallbladder cancer is a rare but serious condition that affects the lining of the gallbladder. The cause of gallbladder cancer is unknown, but it is more common in people with a history of gallstones or bile duct problems.

Diagnosis and treatment

Diagnosis of gallbladder cancer is usually done through imaging tests, such as CT scans or MRIs. Treatment options may include surgery, chemotherapy, or radiation therapy, depending on the stage and type of cancer.

Prevention

There is no known way to prevent gallbladder cancer. However, managing conditions such as diabetes, obesity, and certain types of cancer may help reduce the risk.

Maintaining a healthy diet and lifestyle, avoiding smoking, and limiting alcohol consumption may also help reduce the risk of gallbladder cancer.

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Diary, your gastric cancer is associated with a typical likelihood of developing gallstones.

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