Health > Health Predisposition

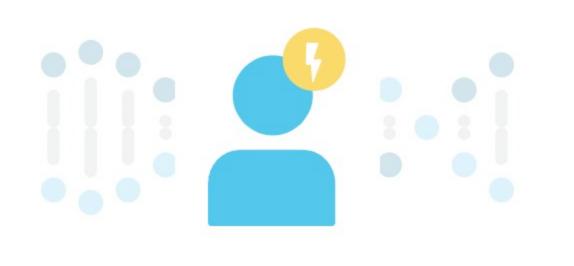
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Anxiety

POWERED BY 23ANDME RESEARCH

Anxiety is a normal emotion of unease or fear that everyone can experience in stressful situations. But when anxiety doesn't go away over time and becomes overwhelming to the point of interfering with everyday life, it may be considered an anxiety disorder.



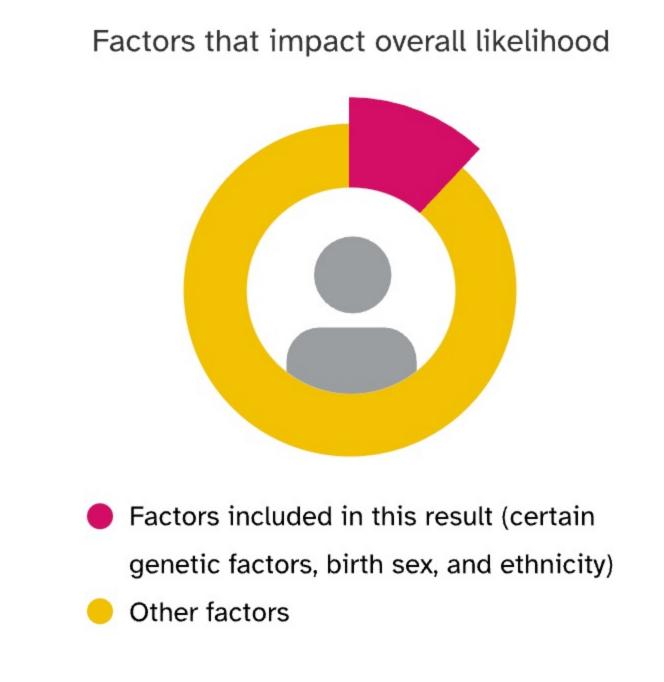
Jamie, your genetic result is associated with a typical likelihood of being diagnosed with anxiety.



Genetics is only one part of your story

Genetic factors can help explain the likelihood of developing an anxiety disorder. But this genetic result doesn't mean that you definitely will or will not experience an anxiety disorder. This is because most of a person's overall likelihood of developing an anxiety disorder is explained by factors not accounted for in this result, including other genetic factors and non-genetic factors like stressful life experiences.

That's also why, if you have already been diagnosed with anxiety by a healthcare professional, this genetic result does not change that. It is important to work with your healthcare provider and continue any management plan that is recommended.



Ways to take action

While anxiety is impacted by some factors that can't be changed—like genetics—it's also impacted by some things that can. Research suggests that a healthy lifestyle can help manage anxiety levels.

or other mental health professional, especially during times of stress, such as major life changes or losses. Exercise regularly. Exercise can improve mood and reduce

Seek social support from family, friends, and/or a counselor

- anxiety. Try to get enough sleep. Sleep deprivation can make anxiety
- worse. Explore stress-reduction and/or mindfulness techniques like
- Cut down on caffeine. Caffeine can worsen anxiety.
- help to quit if needed. Talk to a healthcare professional such as a doctor, clinical

Avoid using tobacco, alcohol, or other substances, and get

psychologist, or counselor if you have any concerns. Anxiety that interferes with everyday life can be treated with counseling, medication, or a combination of the two. If you or someone you know needs support, contact the

National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) help line.

Learn more from NAMI

meditation or yoga.



About anxiety disorders

What are anxiety disorders? Everyone can sometimes experience anxiety in response to

stressful events and situations. But anxiety disorders are a group of conditions where anxiety is overwhelming, doesn't go away over time, and begins to interfere with daily life. Examples of anxiety disorders include generalized anxiety disorder, panic disorder, social anxiety disorder, and phobias.

While each anxiety disorder has unique symptoms, they share in common the experience of fear or worry that is difficult to

What are symptoms of anxiety disorders?

manage, along with physical signs of anxiety. Symptoms can include things like: A pounding heart

- Hyperventilation (rapid breathing that can cause feelings of breathlessness)
- Muscle tension Sweating
- Nausea
- Nightmares
- Having trouble sleeping These symptoms can be triggered by certain situations or can

be more constant.

Factors that impact the likelihood of experiencing an anxiety disorder

If you have been diagnosed with an anxiety disorder, know that you're not alone. Anxiety disorders are very common. Up to 3

in 10 people in the U.S. will be diagnosed with one during their lifetime. Researchers believe that genetics combine with other factors

 A history of severe stress, trauma, or abuse, including in early life

- Many health conditions, including other mental health conditions
- gender, or other factors Currently taking certain medications

Experiencing discrimination due to race, sexual orientation,

- If you have any concerns about these potential factors, talk to a healthcare professional like a doctor, clinical psychologist, mental health counselor, or genetic counselor.

to influence how likely an individual is to develop an anxiety disorder. Non-genetic factors that can increase the likelihood of experiencing an anxiety disorder include: Having a family history of anxiety



Pounding heart

Muscle tension

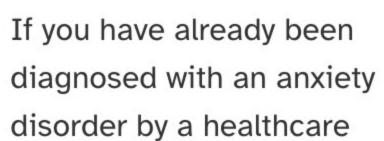
Fear or worry

Hyperventilation

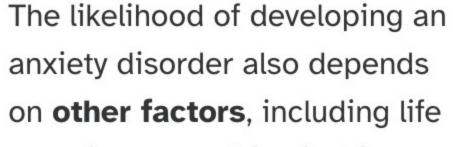
Sex: More females than males have anxiety disorders

Problems with alcohol, tobacco, or drug use

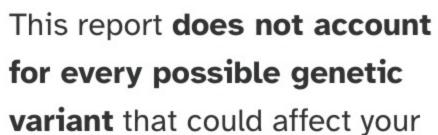
Keep in mind This report does not diagnose anxiety disorders. Consult with a healthcare professional if you are concerned about your likelihood of developing an anxiety disorder, have a personal or family history of anxiety



professional, it is important to continue any treatment plans that they prescribe, including medications and lifestyle modifications.



experiences and family history.



disorders, or before making any major lifestyle changes.

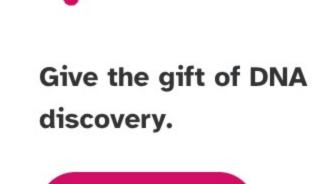
likelihood of developing an anxiety disorder.



This report is based on a

participants. It has not been clinically validated and should not be used to make medical decisions.

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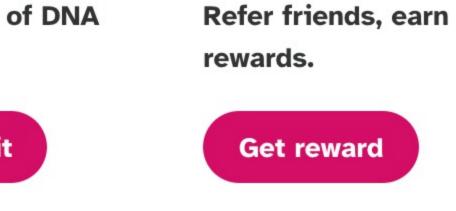
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